# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# VERSATILE

### 5085 SD A-Component Polyaspartic Floor coating

## **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : 5085 SD A-Component Polyaspartic Floor coating

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.
identification

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Concrete Floor Coating Polyaspartic Blend.

Supplier's details : Versatile Building Products

245 W. Carl Karcher Way Anaheim, CA 92801 Tel.: (714) 829-2600 Toll Free: (800) 535-3325 Email: contactus@versatile.net Website: www.versatile.net

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

number (with hours of operation) (8:

: InfoTrac: 1-800-535-5053 (8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. PST)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 





## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
bis(4-(1,2-bis(Ethoxycarbonyl)ethylamino)-3-methylcyclohexyl)methane	≥75 - ≤90	136210-32-7
1,3,3-Trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino]	≥10 - ≤25	54914-37-3
cyclohexanemethylamine		
Diethyl fumarate	≥5 - ≤10	623-91-6
Oxazolidine, 3-butyl-2-(1-ethylpentyl)-	≥1 - ≤3	165101-57-5
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	≥1 - ≤3	64741-65-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≥1 - ≤3	64742-95-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≥0.3 - ≤0.97	41556-26-7
Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary





## Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments **Protection of first-aiders**  : No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up





## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 35°C (59 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
bis(4-(1,2-bis(Ethoxycarbonyl)ethylamino)-3-methylcyclohexyl)methane	None.
1,3,3-Trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino]	None.
cyclohexanemethylamine	
Diethyl fumarate	None.
Oxazolidine, 3-butyl-2-(1-ethylpentyl)-	None.
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	None.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety evewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Flash point

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.] Color : Water white. Odor Mild aromatic. Not available. **Odor threshold** Hq Not available. : Not available. Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point, initial boiling

: 302°C (575.6°F)

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: 204°C (399.2°F)





# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

Vapor pressure

limit/flammability limit

	Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			r pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Benzene	75.01	10				
Cumene	3.72	0.5				
2-Methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3				
2,6-Dimethylheptan- 4-one	1.73	0.23				
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	0.75 to 1.5	0.1 to 0.2				
1,3,3-Trimethyl-N- (2-methylpropylidene)-5- [(2-methylpropylidene) amino] cyclohexanemethylamine	0	0		0.01	0.0013	

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.01

Solubility : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
2,6-Dimethylheptan-4-one	345	653	
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	355	671	
Cumene	424	795.2	
Benzene	498	928.4	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	500	932	

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 50 to 150 mPa·s (50 to 150 cP)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid high temperatures.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reactive metals, organic acids and strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diethyl fumarate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		1780 mg/kg 8400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light arom.				μL	

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**





## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 





## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
5085 SD A-Component Polyaspartic Floor coating Diethyl fumarate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	34385.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1780	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diethyl fumarate	Acute LC50 4500 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis(4-(1,2-bis(Ethoxycarbonyl) ethylamino) -3-methylcyclohexyl)methane Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		0.25 10 to 2500	high

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
UN proper shipping name	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,3,3-Trimethyl-N- (2-methylpropylidene)-5-[ (2-methylpropylidene)amino] cyclohexanemethylamine)	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,3,3-Trimethyl-N-(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methylpropylidene)amino] cyclohexanemethylamine)	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (1,3,3-Trimethyl-N- (2-methylpropylidene)-5-[ (2-methylpropylidene)amino] cyclohexanemethylamine)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORRESIDE	8	8
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**AERG** : 153

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Benzene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Benzene

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Composition/information on ingredients





## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
bis(4-(1,2-bis(Ethoxycarbonyl) ethylamino)-3-methylcyclohexyl) methane	≥75 - ≤90	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
1,3,3-Trimethyl-N-	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
(2-methylpropylidene)-5-[		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
(2-methylpropylidene)amino]		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
cyclohexanemethylamine		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Diethyl fumarate	≥5 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
alkylate		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1 - ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
light arom.		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	≥0.3 - ≤0.97	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed. **Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65



MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings. ca.gov.

	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Cumene	-	-
Benzene	Yes.	Yes.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.





## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

**United States (TSCA 8b)** : All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 06/30/2021

Date of previous issue : Not applicable

Version

**Prepared by** : KMK Regulatory Services Inc. Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

